Module Two Final Assessment

Which of the following are Communication Pearls? Choose all that apply.		
A.	Setting	
B.	Subsequent	
C.	Infection	
D.	Illness	
E.	Knowledge	
2. The definition of a "Change in Condition" is a change in status, either physical or mental, that may signal that the resident is dying.		
A.	True	
В.	False	
3. One goal of end-of-life planning is to divide up the resident's property.		
A.	True	
B.	False	
4. One goal of end-of-life planning is to make sure the residents' wishes are honored.		
A.	True	
B.	False	
5. An Advanced Directive is:		
A.	A document that can only be changed by the resident.	
В.	A living will which communicates your wishes for end-of-life medical treatments.	
C.	A legal document that must be signed in front of witnesses.	
D.	All of the above	
6. Which of the following are facts about Advanced Directives? Choose all that apply.		
A.	They no longer apply if the patient regains the ability to make decisions.	
B.	They expire within 72 hours.	
C.	Emergency Medical Personnel cannot honor them.	
D.	Once they are in effect, they can never expire.	
E.	They include the division of the patient's estate.	

7 to making end of life choices include fear of death, guilt, disagreement among family members and lack of experience making difficult decisions.		
A.	Barriers	
B.	Hurdles	
C.	Motivation	
D.	Inspiration	
8. Care providers can help families make difficult end-of-life choices by: Choose all that apply.		
A.	Speaking in terms the family can understand	
B.	Reinforcing the facts	
C.	Talking to the family "decision maker"	
D.	Initiating end-of-life conversations	
E.	Guiding the conversation so decisions get made	
9. End of-life care providers can break down barriers and help the family of a dying resident make difficult choices.		
Α.	True	
B.	False	
10. Match the religion to its beliefs about death.		
Religion	Belief	
A. Buddhists	Death passage to everlasting life	
B. Hindus	Dead resurrected in new world	
C. Catholics	Dead resurrected in heaven or hell	
D. Jews	Soul transfers to new body upon death.	
E. Muslims	Body dies but the spirit is re-incarnated.	
11. Match the religion to its funeral practices.		
Religion	Belief	
A. Buddhists	Body bathed, prayed over and buried	
B. Hindus	Body bathed then cremated on funeral pyre	
C. Catholics	Body bathed then buried Body buried after mass, wake, service	
D. Jews	Body buried after mass, wake, service	
E. Muslims	Body cremated	

12. Match the religion to its mourning practices.		
Religion	Belief	
A. Buddhists	Prayers once a week during 49 day period of mourning.	
B. Hindus	7 day mourning period called "Shiva".	
C. Catholics	Community mourns for a week; widow for 4 months, 10 days.	
D. Jews	Religions pictures covered, festivals and weddings avoided during mourning.	
E. Muslims	Church, community support family	
13. Match the Communication Pearl to its description.		
Pearl	Description	
Setting	Suggest to the family that they write an end-of -life care plan if one does not already exist.	
Subsequent	Tell the family about the change in condition.	
Knowledge	Find a private place where you can talk without interruption.	
14. Match the Communication Pearl to its description.		
Pearl	Description	
Setting	Use short sentences, be honest and avoid medical jargon.	
Knowledge	Give the family time to process what you said and to react.	
Emotion	Talk to the charge nurse before you speak to the family to avoid a miscommunication.	
15. Match the Communication Pearl to its description.		
Pearl	Description	
Invitation	Start the conversation by finding out what the family already knows.	
Perception	Invite the family to guide the conversation.	
Emotion	After you have told them about the change in condition, stop talking.	
16. Match the Communication Pearl to its description.		
Pearl	Description	
Setting	Then tell the family about the change in condition.	
Knowledge	Once the family knows what's going on, they'll ask, what happens next?	
Subsequent	When you're ready, sit down with the family.	

17. Which of the following are goals of end-of-life planning?		
A.	To do what is in the patient's best interest.	
B.	To honor the resident's wishes.	
C.	To avoid facing painful emotions.	
D.	To overcome the fear of death.	
E.	A and B	